| Name: | |
|----------------------------|--|
| DOB: | |
| Phone #: | |
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| Medications ² : | |
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| | |
| Allergies: | |
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| | |
| Labs Prior to Trea | tment: |
| | : Pregnancy test |
| | □ Uric Acid (ribavirin only) |
| Within 1 month: | CBC with differential |
| | \Box CMP (If GFR <30, do not start tx ¹) |
| | □ PT/INR |
| | □ HCV RNA |
| Within 3 months: | □ Genotype confirmation |
| Within Conception | □ HBV DNA (if HBV cAb or sAg +) |
| Within 6 months: | □ AFP □ TSH |
| | |

Pertinent Medical History: Previous hepatitis C treatment¹ \Box Yes \Box No Specify: Cirrhosis¹ □ Yes □ No Child-Pugh Score: Other Liver Disease¹ □ Yes 🗆 No Specify: Pulmonary Disorders¹ 🗆 Yes 🗆 No Specify: Cardiac Disease² □ Yes □ No Specify: DVT or PE¹ □ Yes Specify: PPI/H2 blocker/Antacid use² □ Yes Specify: Autoimmune Disorders² Yes 🗆 No Specify: Cancer Yes 🗆 No Specify: Current infection¹ □ Yes □ No Specify: **High Blood Pressure** □ Yes High Cholesterol Yes □ No Kidney Disease² Yes Anemia^{1, 2} 🗆 Yes □ No Current TB Treatment² 🗆 Yes □ No Diabetes Specify Type 1 or 2 \Box Yes \Box No HIV or AIDS¹ 🗆 Yes 🗆 No Seizure Disorder² \Box Yes \Box No Depression/Anxiety □ Yes □ No Other Psychiatric Conditions □ Yes □ No Specify: Screen & Review: AUDIT-C PHQ-9 Vaccine Status (give if needed): Hepatitis A ____ (If unknown, check hep A total IgG) Hepatitis B (If unknown, check HBsAg & HBsAb) Other vaccines as appropriate: □ Flu (annually) \Box PCV-13 (\geq age 65 or immunosuppressed) \square PPSV-23 (\ge age 50 AN/AI in AK or high risk) □ Td (once every 10 years) **OR** Tdap (once) \Box Zoster (\geq age 60) □ ECG (over age 65 or h/o cardiac disease) Birth Control: Birth Control Methods: Females: LMP: Pregnant \Box Yes \Box No Counsel about pregnancy prevention (see) Treatment Agreement) Hepatitis C Treatment Agreement reviewed and signed

1- Further evaluation as indicated; consult Liver Disease Specialist prior to treatment.

2- Check drug interactions to treatment drugs. Further evaluation as indicated.

□ NS5A RAV (genotype 3 only)

□ IL-28b (if considering 8 weeks)

□ A1C or Fasting Glucose

□ Vitamin D 25OH

□ HIV screening

Within 1 year:

Once:



We are glad to hear you are interested in treatment for hepatitis C!

Here are some things to think about (and do) before you make your final decision about treatment:

<u>Why do treatment now?</u> New medicines have increased the chance of cure and have fewer side effects.

Some people have worse liver disease than others. If you have more severe liver disease (a lot of scarring in the liver or cirrhosis) you should consider getting treatment sooner.

What will happen during treatment?

There are 6 FDA approved treatment options for **genotype 1**:

- Option 1 is Harvoni[®] (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir), 1 tablet taken once a day for 8-24 weeks. The most common side effects are feeling tired and headache. In clinical studies, treatment response rates to Harvoni[®] were 94-100%.
- Option 2 is Epclusa[®] (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir), 1 tablet taken once a day for 12 weeks. The most common side effects are headache and feeling tired. In clinical studies, treatment response rates to Epclusa[®] were 94-98% for genotype 1.
- Option 3 is Viekira Pak[™] (ombitasvir, paritaprevir, and ritonavir tablets; dasabuvir tablets) co-packaged as 3 tablets in the morning and 1 tablet in the evening with food for 12-24 weeks. The major side effects are nausea, itching, and insomnia. In clinical studies, response rates to Viekira Pak[™] treatments were 86-100%.
- Option 4 is Zepatier[™] (elbasvir/grazoprevir), 1 tablet taken once a day for 12-16 weeks. The most common side effects are feeling tired, nausea, and headache. In clinical studies, treatment response rates to Zepatier[™] were 95-100%.
- Option 5 is Olysio[®] (simeprevir) plus Sovaldi[®] (sofosbuvir) 1 tablet of each taken once daily for 12 weeks. The most common side effects are feeling tired, headache, and nausea. In clinical studies, treatment response rates to Olysio[®] and Sovaldi[®] were 86-100%.
- Option 6 is Daklinza[™] (daclatasvir) plus Sovaldi[®] (sofosbuvir) 1 tablet of each taken once daily for 12 weeks. The most common side effects are headache and feeling tired. In clinical studies, treatment response rates to Daklinza[™] and Sovaldi[®] were 50-100%.

The FDA-approved **Genotype 2** treatment is Epclusa[®] (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir), 1 tablet taken once a day for 12 weeks. The major side effects are headache and feeling tired. In clinical studies, the treatment response rate to Epclusa[®] was 99% for genotype 2.

There are 2 FDA-approved treatment options for genotype 3:

- Option 1 is Epclusa[®] (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir), 1 tablet taken once a day for 12 weeks. The most common side effects are headache and feeling tired. In clinical studies, treatment response rates to Epclusa[®] were 85-98% for genotype 3.
- Option 2 is Daklinza[™] (daclatasvir) and Sovaldi[®] (sofosbuvir) 1 tablet of each taken once daily for 12 weeks. The most common side effects are headache and feeling tired. In clinical studies, treatment response rates for Daklinza[™] and Sovaldi[®] were 58-98%.

Some treatments will require ribavirin which is 5-6 additional tablets divided between morning and evening with food. The major side effects are feeling tired, nausea, itching and skin rash, trouble sleeping, irritability and weakness. A common side effect of ribavirin is anemia.

PLEASE NOTE: Ribavirin cannot be given to a pregnant or breastfeeding female or to a female who plans to become pregnant <u>or</u> a male who plans to father a child during or for 6 months after treatment because it can cause birth defects. There are no studies on Harvoni[®], Epclusa[®], Sovaldi[®], Viekira Pak[™], Zepatier[™], or Daklinza[™] in pregnant women or nursing mothers. Safety/risk during pregnancy or breastfeeding has not been established.

Are you ready for treatment?

To ensure that you will be successful in completing hepatitis C treatment we ask that the following items be done before starting treatment. We will review them together.

- You must be alcohol and drug-free. If you have recent drug/alcohol abuse, you need to be in an approved drug treatment program.
- You need to discuss hepatitis C treatment with your primary care provider and get his or her "OK" to start treatment.
- You should have a relative/close friend who is willing to help support you during treatment.
- You need to be committed to making every treatment appointment and getting **FREQUENT** blood draws (every 1-4 weeks). We will want to follow you very closely during treatment.

Additional Requirements If Checked:

_____ If you have cirrhosis, you may need an EGD (when a doctor looks into your esophagus and stomach for swollen veins that can bleed).

_____ If you have cirrhosis, you need to have an ultrasound of the liver (done in the past 6 months). This ultrasound checks your liver for cancer.

Once everything you need to do on the list has been done, call your primary care provider to make an appointment to plan for hepatitis C treatment. At this appointment, treatment and side effects will be discussed in detail.

If you are coming to Anchorage and want a Fibroscan, call the Liver Clinic ahead of your visit to schedule. Fibroscan is a test using ultrasound waves to check liver stiffness or scarring/fibrosis in your liver. Fibroscan testing is done in the Internal Medicine Clinic. Do not eat or drink for 3 hours before the test.

Congratulations on completing all the pre-treatment requirements!

Hepatitis C Treatment Checklists

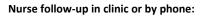
| Prior to Treatment | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Labs | Pregnancy test (if applicable) | Miscellaneous: |
| | Uric Acid (with ribavirin) | Hepatitis A (If vaccine status is |
| Within 1 month: | CBC with differential | unknown, draw HAV total) |
| | CMP ¹ | Hepatitis B (If vaccine status is |
| | PT/INR | unknown, draw HBsAg & HBsAb) |
| | HCV RNA | PHQ-9 baseline |
| Within 3 months: | Genotype confirmation | AUDIT-C |
| | HBV DNA (if HBV cAb or sAg +) | Counsel about pregnancy prevention |
| Within 6 months: | AFP | Review & sign Treatment Agreement |
| | TSH | |
| | A1C or Fasting Glucose | |
| | Vitamin D 25OH (treat if deficient) | |
| Within 1 year: | HIV screening | |
| | NS5A RAV (genotype 3 only) | |
| Once: | IL-28b (if considering 8 weeks) | |

8 week

12 week

| • | | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Week 4 HCV RNA CBC | Week 2 (with ribavirin) CBC CMP ¹ | Week 2 (with ribavirin) CBC CMP ¹ | Week 2 (with ribavirin) CBC CMP ¹ |
| | | | |
| Pregnancy test | Week 4 | Week 4 | Week 4 |
| | HCV RNA | HCV RNA | HCV RNA |
| Week 8 | CBC | CBC | CBC |
| HCV RNA | CMP ¹ | CMP ¹ | CMP ¹ |
| CBC CMP ¹ | Pregnancy test | Pregnancy test | Pregnancy test |
| Pregnancy test | Week 8 | Weeks 8 & 12 | Weeks 8, 12, 16, & 20 |
| | CBC | CBC | CBC |
| | | | CMP ¹ |
| | Pregnancy test | Pregnancy test | Pregnancy test |
| | Week 12 | Week 16 | Week 24 |
| | HCV RNA | HCV RNA | HCV RNA |
| | CBC | CBC | CBC |
| | | | |
| | Pregnancy test | Pregnancy test | Pregnancy test |

16 week



____ Managing side effects

- Medication adherence discussion
- ____ Alcohol intake
- ____ Birth control reminder
- ____ Refill reminder

3 months post treatment 6 months post treatment ____CBC ____HCV RNA ____Liver Function Tests ____AFP ____AUDIT-C ____AUDIT-C

1- <u>Sofosbuvir- or daclatasvir-based regimen</u> - If GFR <30, no safe recommendation.

<u>With ribavirin</u> - If GFR <50, decrease dose (refer to package insert).

ANTHC Liver Disease & Hepatitis Program 8/2016

24 week

Family Medicine Provider: _____

If you are considering hepatitis C treatment, please read this treatment agreement carefully and be sure to ask any questions you may have before you sign the form.

The FDA approved ledipasvir combined with sofosbuvir in one tablet (Harvoni[®]) for the treatment of hepatitis C genotypes 1, 4, 5 and 6. In some circumstances, it has been found that the treatment works better or can be shortened when given with ribavirin.

Treatment with Harvoni[®] and ribavirin requires 6 scheduled visits over a 6-month period for a 12-week treatment course. If you undergo a 24-week treatment course, there are 9 scheduled visits over 9 months.

PREGNANCY & BREASTFEEDING WARNING

Ribavirin can harm an unborn child or breastfeeding infant. A woman must not get pregnant and a man must not father a child while taking ribavirin or for 6 months after treatment. You must **use 2 forms of birth control** when you take ribavirin and for 6 months after your last dose.

Acceptable Birth Control Methods:

Birth control pills or other hormone containing birth control Male or female condom Spermicides (creams, films, foams, gels, and/or suppositories) Diaphragm or cervical cap Intrauterine device (IUD), Today[®] vaginal sponge

Unacceptable Birth Control Methods:

Rhythm method or withdrawal

HOW THE TREATMENT PROCESS WORKS

You will have blood and urine tests.

- These tests will include a pregnancy test for female patients of childbearing age. Urine pregnancy tests will be done monthly during clinic visits. If you are a woman and your treatment includes ribavirin it is recommended that you continue monthly home pregnancy testing for 6 months after treatment and notify your healthcare provider if you become pregnant. Female partners of males whose treatment includes ribavirin should do a monthly home pregnancy test during treatment and for 6 months after treatment completion and notify their health care provider if they become pregnant.
- Random drug and alcohol tests may be requested.
- At each visit, about 2-3 tubes of blood will be collected. Other examinations and tests may be done during the treatment if your provider feels there is a need.

Provider, select the appropriate treatment regimen:

______ Harvoni[®] & low initial dose ribavirin 600mg (increased as tolerated up to weight-based dosing) will be given for 12 weeks if you have genotype 1 hepatitis C with decompensated cirrhosis.

Harvoni[®] & weight-based ribavirin will be given for 12 weeks if you have genotype 1 or 4 hepatitis C infection and are treatment-naïve or treatment-experienced liver transplant recipient without cirrhosis, or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Pugh Class A).

_____ Harvoni[®] & weight-based ribavirin will be given for 12 weeks if you have genotype 1 and do not have cirrhosis and have had previous treatment failure with sofosbuvir plus ribavirin containing regimen with or without peginterferon alfa.

Your first three visits will be at the start of treatment (week 0) and weeks 2 and 4 after you begin taking the medications. After that, the visits will be once each month until you stop taking the medications.

You may need to see your primary care provider more frequently if you are having side effects or problems related to the treatment.

You will have a clinic visit 3 months after treatment completion and then yearly (corresponding to your end of treatment date) for 5 years. If you have cirrhosis you should continue to have a liver ultrasound and alpha fetoprotein (AFP) cancer screening blood test every six months and regular clinic visits.

TREATMENT MEDICATIONS AND SIDE EFFECTS

Harvoni[®] is a fixed-dose combination tablet containing ledipasvir 90mg and sofosbuvir 400mg. You will take Harvoni[®] once daily by mouth with or without food. Store the medication at room temperature. If you miss a dose, take the missed dose as soon as you remember the same day. Do not take more than 1 tablet of Harvoni[®] in a day. Take your next dose at your regular time the next day.

• The most common side effects are tiredness and headache.

Tell your healthcare provider if you are taking any of the following medicines, as they are <u>not</u> recommended to be used with Harvoni[®]:

- Amiodarone (Cordarone[®], Nexterone[®], Pacerone[®])
- Carbamazepine (Carbatrol[®], Epitol[®], Equetro[®], Tegretol[®])
- Oxycarbazepine (Trileptal[®], Oxtellar XR[®]); Phenytoin (Dilantin[®], Phenytek[®]);
 Phenobarbital (Luminal[®]); Primidone (Mysoline[®])
- Rifabutin (Mycobutin[®]); Rifampin (Rifadin[®], Rifamate[®], Rifater[®], Rimactane[®]); Rifapentine (Priftin[®])
- Rosuvastatin (Crestor[®])
- Simeprevir (Olysio[®])
- St. John's wort (Hypericum perforatum) or a product that contains St. John's wort
- Tipranavir (Aptivus[®]) used in combination with ritonavir (Norvir[®])
- Elvitegravir, cobicistat, emtricitabine, tenofovir disoproxil fumarate (STRIBILD®)

Tell your healthcare provider if you are taking any of the following medicines, as they require <u>dose adjustment and/or monitoring</u>:

- An antacid that contains aluminum or magnesium hydroxide (such as Rolaids[®], Maalox[®] and Mylanta[®]) must be <u>taken 4 hours before or 4 hours after you take Harvoni[®]</u>.
- Twice daily medicine for indigestion, heartburn, or stomach ulcers <u>must be taken at the same time or 12 hours apart from Harvoni</u>[®]. Famotidine (Pepcid AC[®]) no more than 40 mg twice daily is okay. Nizatidine (Axid[®]), cimetidine (Tagamet[®]), and ranitidine (Zantac[®]) have not been studied with Harvoni[®].
- Once daily medications for indigestion, heartburn, or stomach ulcers <u>must be taken at</u> <u>the same time as Harvoni</u>[®]. Omeprazole (Prilosec[®]) no more than 20 mg daily is okay. Esomeprazole (Nexium[®]), lansoprazole (Prevacid[®]), rabeprazole (Aciphex[®]), and pantoprazole (Protonix[®]) have not been studied with Harvoni[®].
- Digoxin (Lanoxin[®])
- Efavirenz/emtricitabine/tenofovir disoproxil fumarate (ATRIPLA®)
- Regimens containing tenofovir disproxil fumarate (DF) (VIREAD[®], TRUVADA[®]) without a HIV protease inhibitor/ritonavir (Norvir[®]) or cobicistat (Tybost[®])
- Regimens containing tenofovir disproxil fumarate (VIREAD[®], TRUVADA[®]) with an HIV protease inhibitor/ritonavir or cobicistat (consider alternative HCV or antiviral therapy)
 - atazanavir (Reyataz[®]) /ritonavir (Norvir[®]) or cobicistat (Tybost[®]) + emtricitabine/tenofovir DF (TRUVADA[®])
 - darunavir (Prezista[®]) /ritonavir (Norvir[®]) or cobicistat (Tybost[®]) +
 emtricitabine/tenofovir DF (TRUVADA[®])
 - lopinavir/ritonavir (Kaletra[®]) + emtricitabine/tenofovir DF (TRUVADA[®])

<u>Ribavirin</u> is a 200mg capsule or tablet. You will take ribavirin pills twice daily by mouth with food (dose is based on your weight). Ribavirin dose may be adjusted based on your tolerance of this medication. You should not miss/skip taking any pills. A common side effect is anemia. Anemia is a condition where the blood has a decreased number of red blood cells. This occurs more often in older persons taking ribavirin. Anemia can be serious in patients who have kidney problems. In patients who have coronary artery disease (narrowing of the blood vessels in the heart), anemia may make the problem worse, leading to chest pain or heart attack. If your provider believes you may have coronary artery disease, you will be tested for this and excluded from treatment if it is serious.

- Other common side effects include: headache, trouble sleeping, nausea, vomiting, weakness or lack of energy, shortness of breath, loss of appetite, itching, cough, muscle pain, swelling and pain in your joints (gout), depression, nervousness, and dizziness.
- Studies in animals have shown when ribavirin is given to pregnant females, death of the developing embryo or birth of deformed baby animals may result. It is expected that similar results as seen in the animal studies could occur in humans.

PLEASE NOTE:

You must let your medical, mental health, dental providers, and pharmacist(s) know that you are taking Harvoni[®] & ribavirin prior to starting any new medications. You must let your providers know about any new medications you are prescribed before starting them. This includes vitamins and other supplements.

***Hepatitis C treatment should not cause pain that requires narcotic pain medication.

BENEFITS OF TREATMENT

In most cases, hepatitis C will respond to treatment as determined by a blood test that measures the presence and amount of hepatitis C in the blood. If you have no hepatitis C in your blood 12 weeks **after** the end of treatment, this is called a "sustained virologic response" and means you no longer have hepatitis C. Your chance of achieving a sustained virologic response depends on the hepatitis C genotype, how much hepatitis C virus you have in your blood at the beginning of treatment, any past treatment response, and how much liver damage you have prior to treatment.

It is possible that you may develop some serious side effects, which will require you to stop the treatment. You may still benefit from treatment even if it does not get rid of your hepatitis C, as it may slow down the disease. You may choose to stop treatment at any time.

In Studies:

Persons with genotype 1 without cirrhosis who previously failed treatment with a sofosbuvir plus ribavirin containing regimen with or without peginterferon alfa were treated with Harvoni[®] & ribavirin for 12 weeks and had a 100% response (cure) rate.

Persons with genotype 1 who had cirrhosis and previously failed treatment were treated with Harvoni[®] and ribavirin for 12 weeks and had a 96% response (cure) rate.

Persons who had decompensated cirrhosis and were treated with Harvoni[®] and ribavirin for 12 weeks had an 86% or better response (cure) rate.

Persons with genotype 1 or 4 who had a recurrence of hepatitis C infection after transplant had a 95% or better response rate if they had mild to advanced fibrosis or mild cirrhosis. Those with genotype 1 who had moderate cirrhosis (Childs-Pugh B) had an 87% response rate. Those with genotype 1 who had advanced cirrhosis (severe/Childs-Pugh C) had an 88% response rate after a 12-week treatment course of Harvoni[®] and ribavirin.

WHOM TO CALL

If you have any questions about treatment, contact your primary care provider.

TREATMENT AGREEMENT

To receive treatment, please review the following statements and initial beside the responses:

_____ I agree <u>not</u> to drink alcohol or use recreational drugs during the treatment.

_____ I will tell my provider if I have any serious medical conditions (such as heart disease, high blood pressure, diabetes, high cholesterol, rheumatoid arthritis, or drug addiction), or psychiatric conditions (depression, history of suicide attempts, bipolar disorder, or psychosis).

_____ I am willing to visit the clinic and see a provider on a regular schedule for the entire length of the treatment. If I am unable to attend an appointment, I will let my provider know this ahead of time and I will reschedule my appointment.

_____ I understand that my treatment will be stopped if I cannot attend appointments as required for evaluation of my health and well-being during treatment and the effectiveness of treatment.

_____ I will use 2 acceptable methods of birth control during treatment and for 6 months after I stop treatment (see lists, page 1).

_____ As a female, I understand that I cannot be pregnant or breastfeeding during the treatment and for 6 months after treatment. I understand that my treatment will be stopped if I become pregnant. _____ Not applicable, I am surgically sterile or post-menopausal.

_____ As a male taking ribavirin I understand that I should not father a child during treatment and for 6 months after treatment.

_____If I have any problems with the medications or side effects that bother me, I will let my provider or nurse know right away.

_____ I understand that my hepatitis C may not respond to treatment.

_____ I understand that my provider can stop my treatment if the provider feels that stopping it is in the best interest of my health and welfare.

_____ I will do my best to take my medications as prescribed by my provider. If I am unable to do so, I will contact my provider.

_____ I will protect myself and others from hepatitis C by not sharing needles, toothbrushes, razors or nail clippers and covering cuts to prevent blood exposure.

My signature below means that I have read this treatment agreement and/or the meaning of the information has been explained to me. I agree to treatment.

| Patient's Name (PLEASE PRINT) | Patient's Signature | Date |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|------|
| Provider's Name (PLEASE PRINT) | Provider's Signature | Date |

Harvoni® (Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir) & Ribavirin Treatment Medications

You will be taking the following medications:

- 1. <u>Harvoni[®] tablet</u> (ledipasvir 90 mg/sofosbuvir 400 mg) Take ONE tablet by mouth daily, with or without food.
- An antacid that contains aluminum or magnesium hydroxide (such as Rolaids[®], Maalox[®] and Mylanta[®]) must be <u>taken 4 hours before or 4 hours after you take Harvoni[®]</u>.
- Twice daily medicine for indigestion, heartburn, or stomach ulcers <u>must be taken at the same time or 12 hours apart from Harvoni[®]</u>. Famotidine (Pepcid AC[®]) no more than 40 mg twice daily is okay. Nizatidine (Axid[®]), cimetidine (Tagamet[®]), and ranitidine (Zantac[®]) have not been studied with Harvoni[®].
- Once daily medications for indigestion, heartburn, or stomach ulcers <u>must be taken at</u> <u>the same time as Harvoni®</u>. Omeprazole (Prilosec[®]) no more than 20 mg daily is okay. Esomeprazole (Nexium[®]), lansoprazole (Prevacid[®]), rabeprazole (Aciphex[®]), and pantoprazole (Protonix[®]) have not been studied with Harvoni[®].
- Do not take supplements or tea containing St. John's wort while taking Harvoni[®].

2. <u>Ribavirin 200mg capsules</u>

Take _____ capsules in the morning <u>with food</u> and _____ capsules in the evening <u>with</u> <u>food</u>. The earlier in the evening you take ribavirin, the less likely you will have sleep problems.

| You get | from | |
|---------------------|------|--|
| You get | from | |
| Pick up refills on: | | |

Call your healthcare provider if you feel you are having any significant side effects while taking these medications, or have any other questions about treatment.

Call ______ to schedule your treatment appointments, or if you have any other health concerns.

***For any emergencies after normal business hours, please go to the Emergency Room. Make sure any healthcare provider you see knows you are on treatment. Carry a list of your medicines with you.

Harvoni[®] (Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir) & Ribavirin 12 week Lab Tracking Form

| Name: | HCV RNA: PHQ-9: | 1- Harvoni[®] (Ledipasvir 90mg/Sofosbuvir 400mg). 1 tablet daily. Do not change dose. 2- Ribavirin mg/day PO divided into 2 doses. |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|---|
| DOB:// | Genotype: HIV: TSH: AFP: | ≥75kg = 1200mg/day <75kg = 1000mg/day |
| MRN: Phone #: | Vit D 25OH: GFR*: Uric Acid: | **Dose Reduction/Date:/ **Additional Dose Change/Date:/ **Consult ANTHC Liver Disease & Hepatitis Specialists for further |
| Treatment Start Date: | PT/INR: A1C/Glucose: | guidance about dose changes. |

| Completed Treatment Week | Lab Date | Hgb | Hct | WBC | PLT | ALT | AST | Alk Phos | Total Bili | Creat/ GFR | HCV RNA (Specified weeks) | Weight (kg) | Pregnancy Test |
|--------------------------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|------------|------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Pre-Treatment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Treatment Start | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Week 0 | | | | | | | | | | | HCV RNA | | |
| optional | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Week 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| optional | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Week 4 | | | | | | | | | | | HCV RNA | | |
| optional | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| optional | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| optional | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Week 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| optional | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| optional | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| optional | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Week 12 | | | | | | | | | | | HCV RNA | | |
| optional | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 months post treatment | | | | | | | | | | | HCV RNA | | |
| optional | | | | | | | | | | | HCV RNA | | |
| 1 year post treatment | | | | | | | | | | | HCV RNA | | |

Labs recommended for each follow up visit: CBC, CMP, pregnancy test (females of childbearing age), and HCV RNA as specified.

Please note the following critical values. These may require modification of dosage or discontinuation of causative med. Contact ANTHC Liver Disease Specialists with any questions.

***GFR <30** If GFR is <30, do not start treatment; consult with Liver Disease Specialists.

Hgb <10.0 gm/dL If hemoglobin drops below 10, reduce ribavirin dose to 600mg (refer to ribavirin package insert). If hemoglobin <8.5, hold ribavirin & consult ANTHC Liver Disease Specialists.

GFR <50 If GFR is <50, decrease ribavirin dose (refer to ribavirin package insert) and consult ANTHC Liver Disease Specialists.

Any questions, contact 907-729-1560 and ask to speak with a Liver Disease Specialist.

Please Remember

Give the End of Treatment Letter to the patient at the completion of treatment.

End of Treatment Letter is found in Treatment Monitoring section on webpage.

12 weeks after treatment completion obtain an <u>HCV RNA</u> to check for a sustained virologic response (SVR). SVR is considered a virologic cure of hepatitis C.

SVR12 Cure Letter is found in Treatment Monitoring section on webpage.

http://anthctoday.org/community/hep/providers/treatment/index.html